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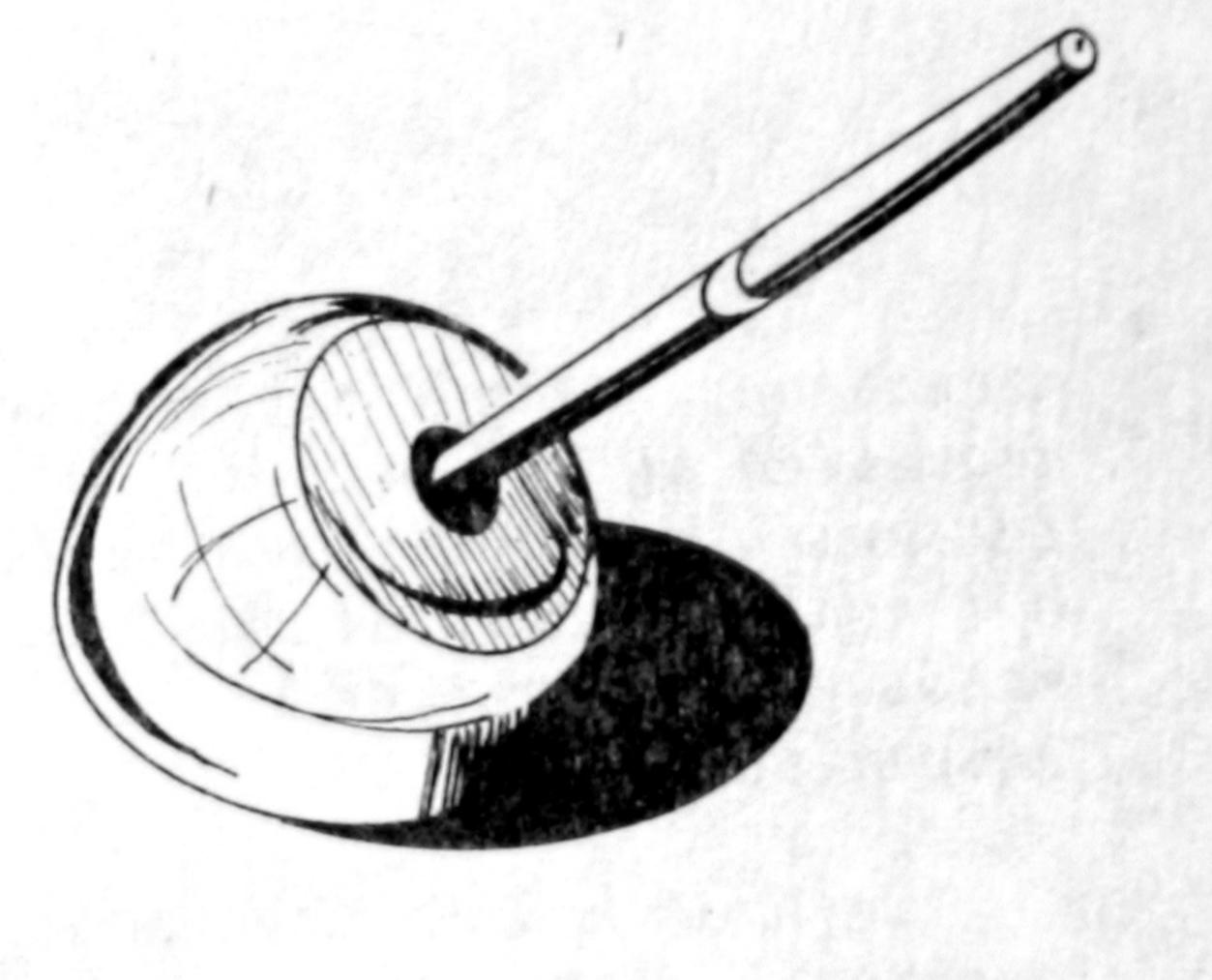
VIRGINIA 22331.

THIS BULLETIN IS INTENDED FOR THE USE AND PROFESSIONAL ENHANCEMENT OF ALL MILITARY AND CIVILIAN SUPERVISORY PERSON-NEL, SPECIAL AGENTS AND COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ANALYSTS ASSIGNED TO NIS WORLDWIDE.

FIELD COMPONENTS ARE ENCOURAGED TO SUBMIT ITEMS FOR PUBLICATION ON A CONTINUING BASIS. AN ARTICLE IN THE APRIL 1972 ISSUE OF THE NIS BULLETIN DISCUSSES THE DETAILS REGARD-ING SUBMISSIONS TO THIS BULLETIN.

FROM THE DIRECTORS DESK





The Resource Picture

With the first fiscal quarter now behind us, one might fairly assume that for planning purposes the track would be open for the balance of the year. Unfortunately, this is not the case. The total resource picture for NIS is firming, but may not clear for several more months. This uncertainty has given rise to some speculation, and to keep the record straight I think it appropriate to review briefly with you what has happened to us in this particular arena and what we might expect in the future.

As you know, growing Navy concern over the incidence of serious crime led to a policy decision in the summer of 1973 to increase our strength by 73 people. This increase, along with the necessary funding, was included in the DoD part of the Federal Budget submission to Congress in early 1974. Assuming confidence in this figure, we have taken aboard 41 new agents and 22 support personnel since the first of July. Whether we will be able to meet the balance of our target goals is one of the uncertainties we face. The reasons are many -- possible congressional and Presidential cuts, inflation, recession, hiring freezes, reductions of new civilian billets requested by DoD overall, and the like. There has been no lessening of Navy's desire to maintain us at a viable level, but realistically we must accept that we are competing against massive programs, and our visibility window is a small one in comparison.

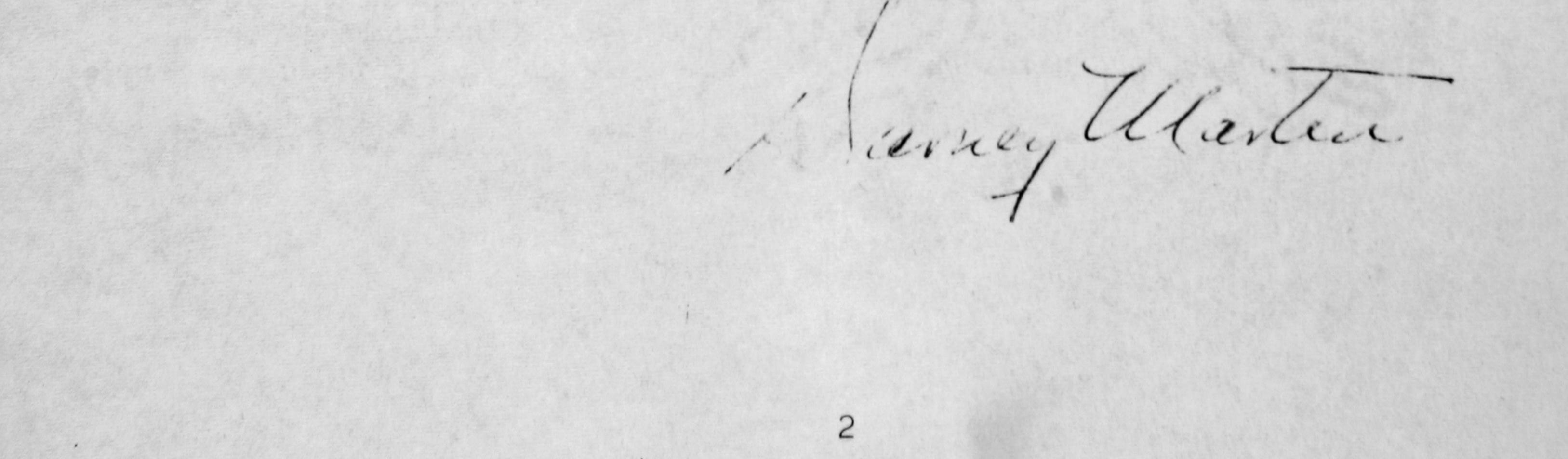
We have had to take some protective measures this past quarter -- gapping vacant billets, and limitations on spending, and we may have to exercise further options to stay within our currently available resources for a short time, but I think prospects are good that we will gain all or nearly all we think necessary to do the job.

I would like to stress one point; I view the training and building of our agent corps from the bottom up as essential to the future of NIS. Career development and training are the heart of our organization, and it will be my policy to preserve this process at all costs. We may suffer some reverses based on national imperatives, but to the degree that they can be controlled through internal resource adjustment, they will not be translated into reductions in force or any diminution of our training program.

A View From The Outside

One of the problems of a specialized discipline such as ours is that we tend toward a parochial view of our work. We know how we see ourselves, but how do others see us who have had no previous exposure to NIS? A letter came across my desk last week from a young Midshipman at the Naval Academy who served a tour of training indoctrination at one of our NISRA's and reads in part as follows: "I learned more in my four weeks with NIS than I have in all my past summer training evolutions. I just can't describe how much I enjoyed working with the NISRA personnel. The hours were often long, but I don't regret a single one. I was surrounded by professionalism, enthusiasm, and always a willingness to work."

I am particularly pleased with this letter, because it is an unbiased expression of respect for our people from a young man with no previous exposure. It reinforces my conviction that the job is being done throughout the system in an outstanding manner. Well done.





20 SEP 1974

Dear Captain Martin,

During my three year tenure as the Director of Naval Intelligence, I have had the distinct honor of dealing with many agencies and individuals throughout the intelligence community. As I depart this command, I will take with me many memories and impressions.

Among these, the true professionalism and dedication to duty manifest by the Naval Investigative Service will always be of great pride to me. Your organization of dedicated professionals has provided unique direct support of major consequence to the operating forces of the Navy.

In this regard, I would make special mention of your Special Agents Afloat who have rendered so much personal assistance to our capital ships at sea.

As I proceed to my new position within the community, I look forward to my continued association with you and the fine men and women of the Naval Investigative Service.

> Sincerely, E. F. BECTANUS Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy Director of Naval Intelligence

Captain Barney Martin, USN Director, Naval Investigative Service

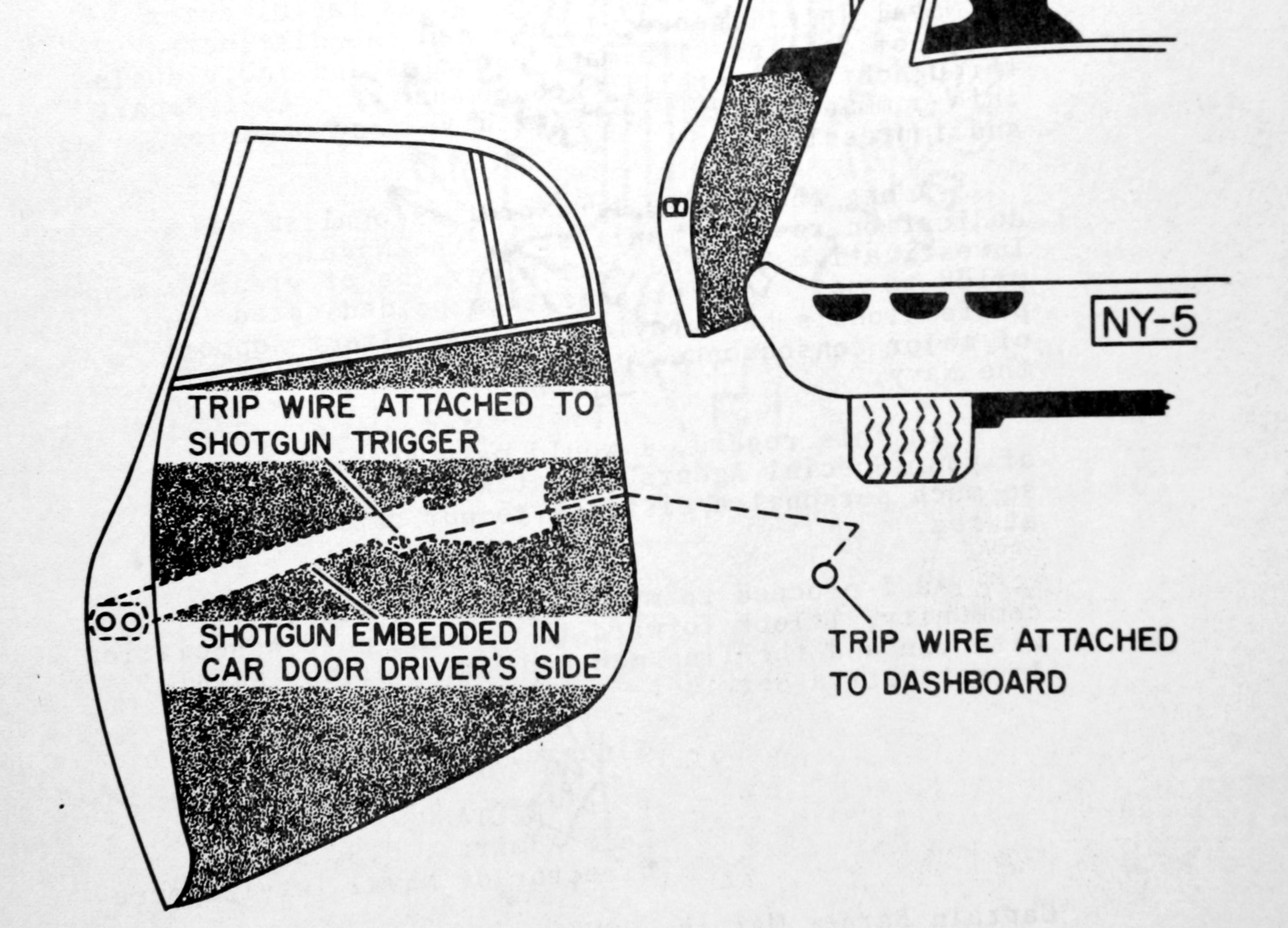


STAY ALERT - STAY ALIVE

STAY ALERT - STAY ALIVE is the first of a series of articles to appear in the , NIS Bulletin. The articles are intended to inform NIS Special Agents of unique hazards, in the form of covert, makeshift weapons which have been encountered in the field. Field components are encouraged to contribute information on items of this nature for possible inclusion in future NIS Bulletin publications.

CRIMINAL REVOLUTIONARIES STREET GUN





Weapons similar to the one detailed above have been found in several cars in the New York area. Those discovered have displayed modified 12 guage shotguns, shortened to fit the interiors of the car doors. Wires have been attached to allow drivers to discharge the weapons without need of looking back or touching their firearms. They are reportedly designed for the sole purpose of killing law enforcement officers.

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NISRA Camp Lejeune, N. C. SOURCE: ATF, Wilmington, N. C.

NIS HISTORICAL ARCHIVES

Thomas Carlyle once observed, "Nothing that was worthy in the past departs." Abortive attempts have sputtered through the years to establish some sort of display at NIS Headquarters to give a perspective to the public and those within our service of matters significant to the evolution of our organization. One such endeavor is now complete -- a 20 minute slide presentation with professional narration entitled "The Mason Memorandum", which traces the course of the Navy's investigative experience since the inception of ONI in 1882. This can be made available for viewing by Headquarters visitors, but is not yet in a package that can be used by the field.

This is an opportunity to enhance the heritage and tradition of our Service, and make it available to all. The wholehearted support of all hands is earnestly solicited.

"THE NISRA PROFILE"

Additionally, in response to the Director's recent suggestion... ("There will be a display by the end of the week!"), a museum case has been acquired and items placed therein from our limited inventory.

To be meaningful, this display must

A NEW NIS BULLETIN SERIES

Commencing with the next issue of the NIS Bulletin a series of articles will appear featuring a profile of one CONUS and one OUTCONUS NISRA. The articles will provide background information on the area served, work load, personnel attached and suitable photographs. In order to develop the material needed for the article selected NISO's in turn will be requested to provide certain data and photographs on a NISRA selected by them for the series. It is hoped that the article will provide readers with insight on "how the other half lives and works."

rely on input from the field, and be changed as new acquisitions are made. We are therefore soliciting from each of our readers any material he or she thinks may be of interest, from an historical or other standpoint. Items may be of a personal or official nature, and may include, but are certainly not limited to, photographs, memorabilia, products of significantly important investigations, prototypes of old badges or credentials, old investigative equipment, documents, plaques and the like. Items may be provided on a loan basis or direct donation as desired, and should be forwarded with an appropriate background explanation to NIS Headquarters, marked "Attention NIS Historical Archives, To Be Opened By Mr. William Gray Only." Materials that are currently classified cannot be accepted.

NATIONAL CRIMINAL JUSTICE REFERENCE SERVICE (NCJRS)

NISHQ has recently been notified of acceptance as a registered user by the NCJRS, part of the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration (LEAA) whose parent agency is the U.S. Department of Justice. NCJRS, a no cost service. was established to provide a central information reference source for the Nation's law enforcement and criminal justice community and to use and disseminate that information to most efficiently support the reference information needs of that community.

The NCJRS data base is organized as a broad based collection of data concerning all aspects of law enforcement and criminal justice to include LEAA research and development and certain grant projects reports and studies. The data base also includes publications, books, tape libraries and other documentation materials from a wide variety of government and non-government services.

down. Form the right habits on the range and they will serve you well.

DCII REQUESTS

DCII checks are routinely conducted on subject and co-subjects of an investigation and it is not necessary to specifically request a DCII check on these individuals. In the event the DCII check surfaces anything pertinent, the concerned field component will be so notified. (DCII checks cannot be conducted without meaningful identification data).

NISHQ anticipates extensive participation in the NCJRS and additional information regarding this service will be provided field components in future issues of the NIS Bulletin.

FIREARMS TRAINING TIPS

There is more to good sighting practices than just a proper sight picture. Of course it's necessary to have the proper sight picture - top of front sight even with the top of the rear sight and an equal amount of daylight showing on both sides of the front sight blade. As we all have heard before, the eye should focus on the front sight and the target will be a blur. But how do we pick up the target and then focus on the sights for each shot? The answer is, we don't in double action combat type firing where we are firing more than one shot. In a shoot out you wouldn't fire just one round and then stop and admire your handy work, you would fire at least two, perhaps three, rounds to insure a hit. If in the process of firing several rounds you attempt to focus on the target and then shift your focus to the front sight for each round you slow up your rate of fire substantially. It's good practice both on the range and in the real world to pick up your target and then shift your focus to the front sight and keep it there while firing a string of shots. Remember, the habits you develop on the range will be the ones that you will use in the clutch when the chips are

NARCOTICS DATA SHEETS

Numerous cases continue to be received without the required narcotics data sheets. Non-receipt usually results in a Form 9, which otherwise would be unnecessary. The procedure - not the requirement - for these sheets is under review.

ID DATA IN SSD'S

An increasing number of SSD's are being received wherein the complete identification data is not reported. This is particularly noticeable in instances where an individual is only partially identified in the narrative portion of a criminal case ROI and a statement is made to the effect that the individual is fully identified in a reference to the report. Inasmuch as it is necessary to cross-reference any individual against whom an allegation is made or

any individual who admits complicity in a criminal matter, the full identification of such individuals should be included in the narrative portion of each ROI the first time such an individual is mentioned. This requirement also holds true for other SSD's, such as a NIR. NIR's are received without sufficient identification data on subjects and persons mentioned therein to permit entry into the DCII system. In many cases, it appears that identification data could have been obtained. MQ and within the time frame of the prior assignment. The receiving NISO might also find it profitable to, among other things, check station security logs, and, in the case of arson suspects, base fire department logs. The above applies to those cases which are resolved. There is no reason that, in appropriate cases, backtracking cannot also be used in open investigations. The procedure to be used here, when you have narrowed the field to one or two suspects, is to send a lead by ALS to the appropriate NISO covering a prior duty station. If positive information is received, it allows the investigating agent a basis for zeroing in on a particular suspect.

INVESTIGATIVE TECHNIQUES

Every investigator derives some degree of satisfaction from the successful completion of a criminal investigation. The individual responsible has been identified and his statement of admission is supported by independent evidence. A well-written ROI has been submitted in a timely manner. What else is there to do except to wait for that earned commendatory Form 9? Well, while you are waiting, you might give some thought to the idea that your subject might well have tried the same thing before and was not detected. Chances are that if your subject likes to light fires, he has tried it before. Not everyone is unlucky enough to get caught the first time. The same applies to most of the crimes of violence and crimes against property. Give some thought to backtracking the individual. Particularly if he has had more than a minimal amount of service time. The best way to do this would be by writing a NIR, setting out the basic facts, and the subject's modus operandi. Send the NIR to NISOs covering his prior duty stations, as appropriate, with the recommendation that the receiving NISO take whatever action deemed appropriate. It can be expected that the receiving NISO would check its own files for unresolved cases fitting the

KNOW YOUR CODE 27

From time to time, we here at NIS Headquarters have heard individuals say "What does Code 27 do? I know what the Missions and Functions statement says, but what do they do?" This is really not a difficult question to answer, so, if you've got a minute or two, we'll take you quickly through the more significant responsibilities of Code 27, the Research and Production Division.

Port Directory Classified Supplement. In January 1974, the Fleet Intelligence Centers commenced publication of a supplement providing to deploying commands a detailed overview of security information in ports which they will visit. Included are such topics as hostile intelligence threats, subversive activities, and the local law and order situation. Because NIS provides the total input for this supplement, Code 27 utilizes Defense Attaches, Special Agents Afloat, NISRAs, and liaison with other agencies as sources of information on the 440 ports of continuing interest.

<u>Pre-deployment Briefs</u>. Upon request, and within manpower and funding limitations, Code 27 provides on-the-scene briefs to major commands prior to deployment. Much of what is presented can be found in the Classified Supplement, but briefings provide a personal touch and present opportunities for the briefer to solicit the collection of additional this threat are proof of their reliance on NIS for guidance and assistance. Code 27 is deeply involved in this program at NISHQ and needs alert, prompt support from NISOs and NISRAs when any information of possible significance surfaces.

The Quarterly Damage Study. The NIS study entitled Damage Incidents Affecting the Department of the Navy is published quarterly by the Research and Production Division and disseminated to certain major commands, as well as our own NISOs and NISRAs. In addition to highlighting trends, the study sets forth synoptic accounts of damage incidents. It may thus be of use to the agent in the field as an "MO Index", for investigations involving acts of arson and/or wrongful destruction. Code 27 gleans this information from your ROIs.

information.

Port Studies. In those overseas areas where the U. S. Navy maintains a significant presence, Port Studies are prepared and published by Code 27. The content of a Port Study is much more detailed than that of a Classified Supplement input and is disseminated to the entire Intelligence Community (e.g., OSI, Army CI, DIA, etc.)

<u>Terrorist Group Intelligence</u>. Of paramount concern to all Navy commands throughout the world is the terrorist threat. Code 27 maintains files on all known terrorist organizations in an attempt to identify potential threats to the Naval Establishment. Careful analysis is made of modus operandi, tactics and trends, in order to identify danger signals, and the results of these efforts are published in reports and special studies. A good example is the recently published <u>Blueprint of an Arab</u> <u>Terrorist Team</u>, which was distributed to all field components.

Characterizations. NIS

Characterizations which are updated or revalidated at least once a year, are published by Code 27. These afford field components a convenient vehicle for providing local commands with current and accurate information regarding the background, composition, objectives and modus operandi of groups and organizations posing a subversive, disruptive or physical threat to the Navy and Marine Corps.

<u>Nuclear Weapons Security</u>. Individuals at the highest levels of DoD recognize the potential threat to nuclear weapons security from radical domestic and international terrorist groups. Code 27 (remember that stands for Research and Production Division) is responsible for managing and coordinating the NIS CI effort in connection with the DoD-wide "security of nuclear weapons program". Calls being received in the field, day and night, from commands concerned about DIP/DIRC. It is Code 27's responsibility to provide guidance to all NIS field components regarding previously promulgated NIS policies

concerning Defense Investigative Program and Defense Investigative Review Council matters. A reference file is maintained, and the latest subcommittee guidance and rulings are studied and interpreted. Preparation of the annual list of individuals and groups to be submitted to SECNAV for re-validation for retention by NIS is also prepared by this Division.

<u>Counterintelligence NIR Evaluation</u> and IR Preparation. All NIRs having a counterintelligence content are reviewed within Code 27. If the information is responsive to a DIA requirement, an Intelligence Report (IR) is prepared and disseminated to the rest of the Intelligence Community. All NIRs submitted by field components are carefully scrutinized for the smallest tidbit of usable information.

RETIREMENT BENEFITS

After many false starts in recent years, Section 8396(C) of Title 5, United States Code, was amended on 12 July 1974 when the President signed Public Law 93-350. The changes made by the new law significantly expand the retirement benefits of eligible personnel. The changes are enumerated

Just in case you're still with us, the following is a list of additional Code 27 areas of responsibilities:

a. Special Analyses (e.g., Criminal trends, special operations, lessons learned, threat estimates, physical security and its relationship to theft of government property, and so on).

b. Special studies re dissidence and racial matters.

c. Monitoring of Hostile Intelligence Activities. below:

a. The benefit of the law enforcement retirement provision vests for eligible employees upon completion of twenty years of service in law enforcement work. NIS Special Agents may at any time after completing twenty years of service and reaching age 50 retire from the government regardless of what position held at the time of retirement (i.e., whether or not it is in the law enforcement field). The basic stipulations for retirement under the law enforcement provisions of the Retirement Act is that an eligible employee attain the age of fifty (50) and have completed twenty (20) years of service in a law enforcement position.

d. Timely reporting of serious security and criminal violations to OSD officials.

e. Control of nuisance correspondence received within Navy at the National level.

f. Response to special taskings by NAVINTCOM, DIA and other Seat-of-Government Activities, involving CI matters.

The Research and Production Division functions with a complement of six Special Agents, seven Naval Officers, one secretary, one civilian clerk and two enlisted men.

b. The computation of annuity was changed by the new law to provide an annuity percentage of 2 1/2% for each year of service for the first twenty years and 2% for each year thereafter. In essence, this amounts to a 10% increase in the annuity provided under the new law as compared to that provided under the old. For illustrative purposes, if an employee commenced service in a law enforcement position at age 30, he could retire at age 50 with a 50% basic annuity. Credit for time spent in the military or other civilian government service would be added to that 50% annuity.

This resume was prepared with the anticipation that once you understand more about Code 27, you'll be in a better position to assist them in their mission accomplishment.

c. The computation of base pay (and thus the computation of the "high-three" average pay) was modified by the new law by the provision which enables the inclusion of premium pay into calculations which determine the "high-three" average pay. Presently, Special Agents of NIS receive 10% premium pay on an annual basis. That amounts to \$1,338 under the present pay scale. Effective 1 January 1975, premium pay will be included as part of the base pay for retirement pay calculations.

merely submitting his properly completed Application for Retirement (SF-2801) to his servicing Civilian Personnel Office (CPO). This particular provision of the law may well be subject to misinterpreation. One of the biggest problems with retirement is the processing, at all the stages, of the required paper work. The Civil Service Commission, which is required under the new law to adjudicate the applications is more and more being inundated by claims for retirement. If for any reason the submitted paperwork is faulty, countless delays will almost certainly occur. To preclude this, it behooves each and every individual seeking to retire to closely coordinate the submission of this paperwork with both the NISO to which he is attached as well as the servicing CPO for the NISO. The statement of service where heretofore has been prepared by NISHQ must now be prepared by the local CPO. In many cases, due to change of assigned personnel in the local CPO, unfamiliarity with NIS Contract Agent status is the rule rather than the exception. In this regard, NISO and, when required, NISHQ personnel can properly be of assistance to the CPO in preparing the required statement of service.

d. Effective 1 January 1978, the new law provides that any employee who becomes 55 years of age (or completes twenty years of service if over 55) will be retired automatically. This provision specifies that the head of the agency may make a determination that retention of the employee is in the public interest and accordingly exempt the employee from automatic retirement until age 60. Heretofore, an individual engaged in law enforcement activity could theoretically continue working in that field until he reaches the mandatory retirement age of 70.

e. The change to the retirement act also modified the amount that both the employee and the agency will pay in the retirement fund. Effective 1 January 1975, both the employee and the agency will commence paying 7 1/2% retirement fund contributions (for both regular and premium pay) rather than the normal 7% for regular federal employees. For the average NIS Special Agent, the extra 1/2% will amount to approximately \$3.55 in additional retirement withholdings from his biweekly check.

By way of background, the Civil Service Commission reviewed the NIS Contract Agent status in 1957 and determined that NIS Special Agents were eligible to retire under the law enforcement provisions of the Retirement Act. The Civil Service Commission has never disapproved a properly executed and submitted application for retirement concerning a NIS Special Agent because of his employment with NIS.

The new law states that the requirement for agency recommendation is climinated and that the employee may retire under the law enforcement provisions of the retirement act by

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The Civil Service Commission is in the process of completing an expanded section for inclusion in the Federal Personnel Manual which will provide more extensive procedural guidelines for civilian personnel offices to interpret and implement the various facets of the amended retirement law.

have the ability to express logical techniques of investigation that would be utilized for the successful resolution of a case. Aside from the Investigative Manual (ONI 63-1B), pertinent directives/instructions, etc., a helpful study aid would be notes and handouts from the Agents' Basic Training Course.

GS-11 PROFESSIONAL EXAMINATION

Questions have arisen in the field regarding the format and contents of the GS-11 Professional Examination which is currently being administered as part of the overall promotional requirements for GS-9s.

The examination format consists of fill-in, multiple choice and true and false questions which cover basic materials. Additionally, three subjective questions covering various types of investigations/situations that may be encountered in the field are included. Obviously, the number of questions covering basic materials can be varied depending upon the length of the responses to the situation/investigative questions. As in the past, the three hour time constraint for the examination remains.

In conclusion, suffice to say the examination is comprehensive in scope without covering such topics as having the examinee provide the titles and numerical designators for all case categories, although knowledge of these designators is considered most important.

The examination is designed to cover applicable basic documentation governing the operation of NIS in the investigative/SEC fields, e.g., SECNAVINST 5430.13B; SECNAVINST 5820.2 and the Deliminations Agreement. Additionally, the examinee should be intimately familiar with all the legal aspects of his profession; pertinent directives dealing with retention of information on non-DoD affiliated personnel, drug exemptees, and certainly should have more than a passing acquaintance with the elements of offenses NIS is charged to investigate. Further, the examinee should

NIS ROSTER OF SPECIAL AGENTS

NAME NAME DUTY STATION ABRAMS, Howard L. 80-HN ADDISON, Millard E. 00 - 20ALDRIDGE, Goethe W. 06-CP 03-DT ALIG, Ronald N. 11 - ETALLEN, Richard R. 81-YK ALLRED, Benjamin E. 06 - NVANDERSEN, Peter J.

BRANT, Joseph W.	06-LE
BRENNAN, Joseph P.	81-KI
BREWER, Gary G.	12-SE
BRIGHT, Ronald E.	00-23
BROCK, Raymond	60-RT
BROWNING, James B.	83-PS
BRUCE, Donald R.	12-MF
BRUGGEMAN, Michael D.	05-NF
BURKE, George F.	05-PV
BURKHAMER, John R.	08-BV
BUTLER, Lawrence W.	11-NI
BUTTERFIELD, Lyman H.	00-25
BYRD, James P.	11-ND
CAIRO, Louis P.	60-NE
CARL, John W., Jr.	60-NA
CARMAN, Ray A.	05-AN
CARSON, James E.	81-KI
CAUBLE, Charles T.	12-AL
CHAMBERS, James B.	03-HW
CHANDLER, Charles H.	08-MT
CHILDS, Richard E.	00-23
CHRIST, Christ C.	06-MP
CLARK, Paul L.	11-CK
CLARK, Thomas F.	11-ND
CLEVELAND, Walter G.	11-MD
CLOOKIE, Wayne D.	06-JX
COGDILL, David B.	83-SU
COLEMAN, Lawrence A.	80-HN
COLES, Joseph B.	05-LC
COMES, Philip E.	00-22
CONSOLI, John A.	11-NI
COOK, Bryan L.	11-SD
COOK, Paul D.	11-PE
COOK, Richard H.	00-27
COTI, William	60-26
COULTER, Lee E.	81-KI
COX, James N.	05-QV
COYLE, Charles K.	08-NR
CRAWFORD, Wayne L.	12-AL
CREATURO, James J.	03-PP

DUTY STATION

ANDERSON, Oliver A. ANDERSON, Peter L. ANTHONY, Kenneth W. ANTINK, James ARNOLD, Lance M. ARRIGO, Arthur R. AUSTIN, James A. BAGSHAW, Robert BAKER, James J. BALSON, Robert T. BANKSTON, Clyde L. BARKER, Lionel A. BARNES, William J. BARRON, Leo E. BARROWS, Robert J. BARTLETT, Richard W. BAUERLY, Milo A. BEACHAM, Decatur T. BEASLEY, Wallace M. BECK, Lloyd G. BEDWAY, George T. BERLIN, Edward A. BERNASCONI, Robert J. BICKLEY, Charles M. BIGGS, Joel W. BISCOMB, William M. BISTER, Henry E. BLACK, Verner G. BLISS, Maurice S., Jr. BLOOMINBGURG, Benjamin F. BLOW, William E. BOATRIGHT, Thomas M.

ANDERSON, Gayle E.

03-NY 11-PE 05-QV 11-BW 08-GF 60-GN 05-NF 06-KW 05-NF 60-26 80-KH 06-CP 80-MT 12-BR 83-SU 60-NA 12-HQ 05-DC 12-SF 06-HQ 06-PI 80-HN 83-SU 11-PE 00-22 08-WF 11-LB 83-SU 80-HQ 06 - JX81-AJ 03-NL

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BOHLER, Jack C. BOLEY, Thomas F. BONNEY, Vernon A. BOURKE, Michael G. BRADLEY, Vaughn M. BRADY, Bobby L. BRANNON, Thomas E. 05-HQ 12-AL 05-HQ 11-PH 05-NF 83-PS 81-YK CRIPE, Bruce A.06-CSCRISAFULLI, Paul J.12-SFCROSSMAN, Gordon W.00-23CURLEY, Philip J.11-LBCURTIS, Robert E.81-SSCUSACK, John T.83-SUDALY, Patrick P.11-HQ

DUTY STATION

D'AMICO, Anthony E. DAVANZO, John J. DAVID, Robert DAVIES, John G. DAVIS, James R. DAVIS, Robert W. DAVIS, William E. DEAHL, Albert F., Jr. DEAL, Arthur K. DEAN, John J. DEES, Rudolph D. DEITCH, Barry N. DELL, Jimmie L. DEMOLLI, Bruno E. DEMPSEY, John W. DENTON, Elwood V., II. DERESTIE, Peter DEVINNEY, Dallas H. DILL, Gary W. DILL, John IV. DIXON, Timothy J. DONNELLY, John F. DONNENWIRTH, Thomas J. DONOVAN, William H. DOYEL, Marion L. DUFFY, Gregory L. DUNN, Lee R. DYKES, David W. EDMONDS, Frank J. EISENSON, Edward L. ELLIS, Spencer M. ELMQUIST, Roy C. EMBRY, Robert M. ESTERBROOK, James W., Jr. EVANS, Michael W. EVERSOLL, John S. FAIRLEY, Henry M., Jr. FASNACHT, Paul L. FERGASON, Samuel A. FERGUSON, Rudy G. FERGUSON, Thomas E. FERRELL, Lawrence E. FIEGER, Frank E. FITZPATRICK, Edward J. FOCHT, Walter S., Jr. FOLEY, Daniel R. FOTUSKY, Martin J.

06-GF 03-NP 83-TP 81-YK 12-LM 12-AL 05-DC 11-MM81-KI 03-NY 06-CF 00-23 05-RR 03-PP 80-HN 12-AL 03-QP 80-MI 08-DA 81-KI 03-GL 00 - 2203-GL 00-26 83-SU 81-HQ 80-MI 12-FL 05-PR 60-NA 80-HN 11-PE 80-HN 06-AB 11-BL 11-LB 08-HQ 12-HQ 12-LM 05-NF

NAME

DUTY STATION

FOWLER, Earl S.	06-LE
FRANKEL, Marvin	11-NC
FUJII, Stanley S.	11-YU
GARRITY, Edward A.	12-BR
GASSAWAY, Arthur D.	60-HQ
GEHRI, John R.	06-RL
GETEK, Donald	03-NL
GEWERTH, Joseph F.	03-GL
CTDDINC There A	01 00

GIBBINS, Thomas A. 06-CS GILBERT, Edward C. 05-NF GILLISPIE, Troy N. 81-KI GIVEN, Bruce W. 00-26 GIVENS, Fred F. 08-DA GIVENS, John C. 11-PE GLASPELL, Archie A. 80-MI GLUBA, Blair M. 00-22 GONZALEZ, Antonio D., Jr. 80-KH GRAY, William F. 00-25 GREENE, John B. 00-26 GRIM, Gordon F. 11-PE GUEDALIA, Jack "I" 06-HQ GURNEE, George W. 05-PV GUTHRIE, David G. 06-RL GUTSHALL, Stephen C. 06-MP HAEFELI, Paul M., Jr. 08-CC HAJOSY, John W. 06-JX HALL, Gerald 11-MM HAMILTON, Dennis D. 81-KI HAMILTON, Lorne R. 80-MI HAMILTON, Wayne B., Jr. 06-MP HANCOCK, Laddie A. 08-CD HANEY, William R. 05-NF HANSEN, Hans P. 80-KH HARDY, Raymond D. 11-PE HARRIS, Michael W. 05-NF HARRISON, Zachary T. 06-CP HARTMAN, Donald R. 05-GT HEENAN, JOhn J. 03-PP HELBOCK, Robert G. 12-BR HELSON, Gary D. 06 - JXHEMPHILL, Eddie W. 83-PS HENDRICKS, Edward A. 08-NR HERDER, Louis B. 00-25 HERR, Richard K. 05-RR HICKS, Theodore J. 83-SU HOOSER, Archie W. 11-PE HOUGHTON, Michael M. 80-26

80-26 11-MU 08-CC 11-NI 11-NC 11-MM 03-LH

DUTY STATION

HOWATT, Franklyn J. HOWE, Wesley W. HOWERTON, Elton C. HOWGATE, Charles W. HUDGINS, Mathaniel J. HUDSON, Bill E. HUDSON, John W. HUGHES, William A. IPSEN, Nephi P. ISENBERG, Michael E. IWAMOTO, Chikara D. JANSEN, John L. JANSON, Ronald C. JEPSON, William B. JESSE, Albert F. JESTER, John F. JETT, Charles D. JOHNSON, Earl L. JOHNSON, George B. JONES, Charles R. JONES, Jimmy J. JONES, Joyce H. JONES, Michael B. KAHL, Stephen J. KAIN, Robert M. KALIHER, Vernon L. KAMPTON, Charles M. KAUFFMAN, Francis E. KAYE, John A. KELLER, Albert C. KELLER, Raymond D. KELLEY, Paul W. KELLY, Lauchlin A. KENNEDY, Jack A. KERR, David J. KERSENBROCK, Allan J. KIKER, James R. KIMBALL, Hugh H. KING, Laurence P. KLEMP, William J. KOHLMEYER, Robert E. KOZLOWSKI, Thomas H. KUEHL, Winston C. LACOSTA, Robert LAING, William D. LAIRD, John L.

06-LE 11-ND 05-CD 60-NE 11-LB 11-SA 06-CS 06-JX

NAME

DUTY STATION

LAMBERT, Anderson	T. 03-WM
LAMBERT, John G.	05-NF
LANDIN, Joseph C.	06-LE
LANGAGER, John E.	00-26
LANNOM, Charles R.	
LARABEE, Raymond H	
LARSON, Donald A.	11-CI
LASHER, David L.	81-YK
LAUGHTIN, Donald F	
LHEUREUX, Robert D	
LIEHR, Joseph T.	83-PS
LINDER, James C.	06-JX
LINGAN, Henry B.	60-RT
LOGAN, Frederick L	
LOGAN, Gary M.	06-CS
LOMELE, Ralph V.	60-NA
LOUTON, Thomas M.	05-NF
LOVE, John A.	81-YK
LYNCH, Warren R.	03-NY
MACHIN, Richard C.	
MACINNIS, William	
MAHER, Raphael R.	06-HQ
MANLOVE, Ronald L.	08-MT
MARQUETTE, John J.	83-PS
MARRETTA, Albert	11-PH
MARSH, Jonathan W.	12-MA
MARTIN, Edwin G.	06-MP
MCBRIDE, Daniel A.	08-PF
MCCLELLAN, George	G. 08-PF
MCCLURE, Joseph D.	11-SD
MCCOY, Donald L.	60-NA
MCCULLAH, Lanny E.	05-AN
MCDEVITT, Daniel S	. 03-GL
MCDONALD, Vernell	11-YU
MCDONALD, Vincent	K. 00-23
MCDONNELL, John F.	
MCFADDEN, Edward J	
MCGADY, Raymond W.	
MCGOWEN, William P	'. 06-LE
MCKEE, James B.	11-PE

00 - 2712-SE 81-YK 12-WH 11-PE 00-20 11-BL 05-NF 12-SF 12-AL 81-MW 05-NF 05-NF 08-MT 83-TP 11-MM 60-HQ 60-NE 12-MA 05-DC 05-NF 11-LB 06-MP 05-PV 05-PV 12-AL 00-23 80-HQ 11-PE 11-LB03-GL 06-RL 12-LM 60-NE 03-HQ 06-PI 00-26 08 - PF

MCKEE, James B.11-PEMCKENNA, Joseph E.83-SUMCKENNA, Richard E.08-MTMCMULLEN, John P.03-NLMCNAMEE, Paul83-SUMCPHERSON, Victor H.81-KIMEADOR, Hamner W.06-KW

MELIA, Francis M. MENDELSON, William G. MERRITT, Carl J. MICHAUD, John R. MIDDLETON, Bruce M. MILLER, Leland M. MILLER, Theodore A. MONTGOMERY, Kent A.

DUTY STATION

03-PN 11-HQ 12-LM 03-NL 00 - 2708-PF 60-KE 11-ND 83-KU 60-RT 08-FA 60-KF 11-SD 03-EA 00-22 11-ND 05-QV 00 - 2503-NY 00 - 2360-LD 11-ND 06-KW 80-HN 60-NA 11-ND 00-20 12-AA 08-MT 05-GT 00-22 80-HQ 03-NL 11-HQ 12-AL 11-PE 06-PI 83-SU 11-PE 08-CC

NAME

,DUTY STATION

OULAHAN, Joseph C.	05-HQ
PAGE, Charles V.	06-RL
PALMER, Charles A.	00-26
PALMUCCI, Victor J.	00-22
PANICO, Robert G.	12-SF
PARKER, Malcolm M.	60-GA
PARKEY, Jack L.	05-DC
PARKS, James M.	03-NP
PARSONS, Benonia E.	05-HV
PECK, Richard L.	05-NF
PEISTRUP, Edward J.	83-SU
PENDER, James P.	11-MM
PERBETSKY, Michael	12-MA
PERRIN, Anthony W.	80-MI
PETERS, Paul E.	05-RR
PETERS, Ronald D.	11-PE
PHILIP, William F.	03-GV
PLANTON, David N.	83-HQ
POINDEXTER, James D.	83-PS
POWERS, Robert J.	05-DC
PUKELIS, Stanley R.	03-GL
QUINN, Russell S.	12-AL
RAINVILLE, Roy A.	00-20
RANDISI, Martin A.	03-HQ

MORGAN, John W.	2
MORGAN, Wayne R.	(
MORRIS, Joseph C.	(
MORSE, George L.	(
MOSTELLER, Roy A.	
MOTE, Robert M.	(
MOUNT, Ronald L.	(
MOYER, David	-
MUGGLEWORTH, Charles D.	(
MULLIGAN, George D.	(
MULVIHILL, Joseph A.	(
MURPHY, Edward M.	(
MUSANTE, Paul N.	(
NAGLE, Michael D.]
NANCE, Gerald N.	(
NAPOLEON, Allen D.	8

NAYLOR, Joseph F. NEAL, Joseph F. NEARY, Thomas E. NELMS, Nowell D. NEWMAN, Arthur D. NICHOLS, Joseph Y. NICHOLSON, Willard B. NICKEL, Kenneth W. NIGRO, Robert M. NOLAN, Thomas J. NOWICKE, Eugene A. NUGENT, William K. OCONNOR, Joseph P. ODOM, John C. OGLESBEE, Kenneth E. OLIVERI, Joseph F.

RAY, Robert P. 05-DC REED, Samuel W. 06-RL REEVES, Harry A. 11-ET REILLY, Peter 81-KI REMAKLUS, Lawrence P. 05-CE RENDE, Robert K. G. 12-BR RENO, Charles D. 05-DC RICHEY, Earl S. 00-20 RICHTER, Charles E. 05-AN ROACH, Clyde J. 00-09 ROBBINS, Robert D. 11-ND ROBERTS, Joyn Y. 83-MQ ROBERTS, Randall L. 12-WH ROBINSON, Walter S. 00 - 35ROBY, Jerry L. 12-WH ROLLINS, Claude B. 05-PV ROSSMAN, Harlan S. 08-CC ROURK, Friedrich L. 05-GT RUESCH, Ronald E. 60-HQ SAGARA, Stanley M. 12 - BRSALMON, Ronald W. 00-25 SANCHEZ, Louis G. 60-RT SARTWELL, Wilbur R. 00 - 27

OLSON, John V. OLSON, Terrance A. O'NEIL, James M. O'RILEY, William C. ORME, Robert T. ORRANTIA, Frank E. ORZECHOWSKI, Thomas J.

81-IW 83-SU 05-AN 83-HQ 06-JX 11-LA 06-LE

DUTY STATION

SCANLAN, James N. SCHAEFER, William J. SCHMITT, Francis H. SCHRODER, John J. SCHUBARTH, Paul T. SCHULTE, Rupert B. SCHUNK, Donald C. SCOTT, Howard R. SCOTT, Randy D. SEAFELDT, Albert C. SEAL, Kenneth A. SEEHORN, Frederick R. SEGERSTEN, Peter G. SHADKO, Warren J. SHULER, Wyman E. SIMPRINI, James J. SIPE, Allan K. SKIFF, Carl L. SKINNER, Larry V. SLAUGHTER, George L. SLEEPER, Arnold C. SLOAN, Thomas H. SMART, Bruce A. SMITH, Albert F

60-LN 08-HQ 05-LC 03-GV 11-NI 03-NL 03-HQ 05-PV 08-MT 80-BP 06-CS 05-LC 03-BN 81-HQ 06-CS 81-AJ 11-NI 08-CC 11-TN 05-DS 03-BN 05-DC 08-PF 12-SE 80-HN 12 - MF83-SU 06-LE 11-SD 00 - 2781-YK 08-SL 11-ET 83-PS 80-26 08-SL 05-NF 80-BP 03-BK 11-MM05-NF 80-MI 11-NI 03-PP 00 - 2381-FE

NAME

DUTY STATION

SWEENEY, Daniel J.0TALLEUR, Thomas J.0TAGUCHI, Wendell T.1TAMAE, Seiki8TARDIFF, Baron L.8TATE, Terrance R.8TATUM, Allan D.0TAYLORBuron M0

03-NL 03-NY 11-MD 81-YK 81-IW 81-IW 00-26

TAYLOR, Byron M.	05-DC
TAYLOR, Robert A.	60-RT
TEEL, Roger C.	00-22
TESHIMA, Roy I.	81-YK
THOMAS, Lester G.	05-DC
THOMPSON, James W.	08-KC
TIPTON, Dennis H.	08-HQ
TOLER, Charles D.	00-23
TOMASO, Douglas A.	11-MD
TOWNSEND, Dale R.	06-CS
TRASER, Francis R.	12-AA
TRIPLETT, John W.	60-KF
TRUXELL, Bertrand G.	00-09
TUCKISH, John W.	00-26
TUGWELL, Robert J.	08-FA
TURNER, Allan C.	11-MD
TURNER, Robert A.	12-MF
TUZA, Conrad J.	05-HQ
URIU, Tadashi	81-YK
USREY, Dennis E.	12-HQ
VALENTINE, Richard A.	83-TP
VOLLRATH, Richard L.	05-HQ
VORSE, James V.	06-PI
WALKER, Kent E.	03-PP
WALL, Robert C.	12-MA
WALSH, John J.	00-22
WARD, Hugh P.	11-LB
WARD, Virgil J.	08-MR
WARDMAN, Richard W.	11-SD
WARREN, Harry B.	81-HQ
WARWICK, Maynard C.	11-ET
WATANABE, Koji	81-SS
LIEDD D11 T	

Smilh, Albert F.
SMITH, Roland M.
SMOOT, Marvin W.
SNYDER, Ronald L.
SOTACK, Robert J.
SPEARS, Stephen E.
SPIGENER, Laney S.
STAGLIANO, Frank E.
STALLINGS, Thomas Y.
ST. DENIS, David D.
STEELE, Jerry L.
STEPHENS, Grant J.
STEPHENS, Ray M.
STEPHENSON, Thomas E.
STEVENS, John M.
STEWART, James W.
OMTITUTT T 1 / 1 T

STILWELL, Fredrick L.
* STOKES, Robert N.
STOVALL, Harry J.
STRAUSS, Gerald L.
STRYKER, William J.
STUART, Douglas V.
SUMNER, Warren K.

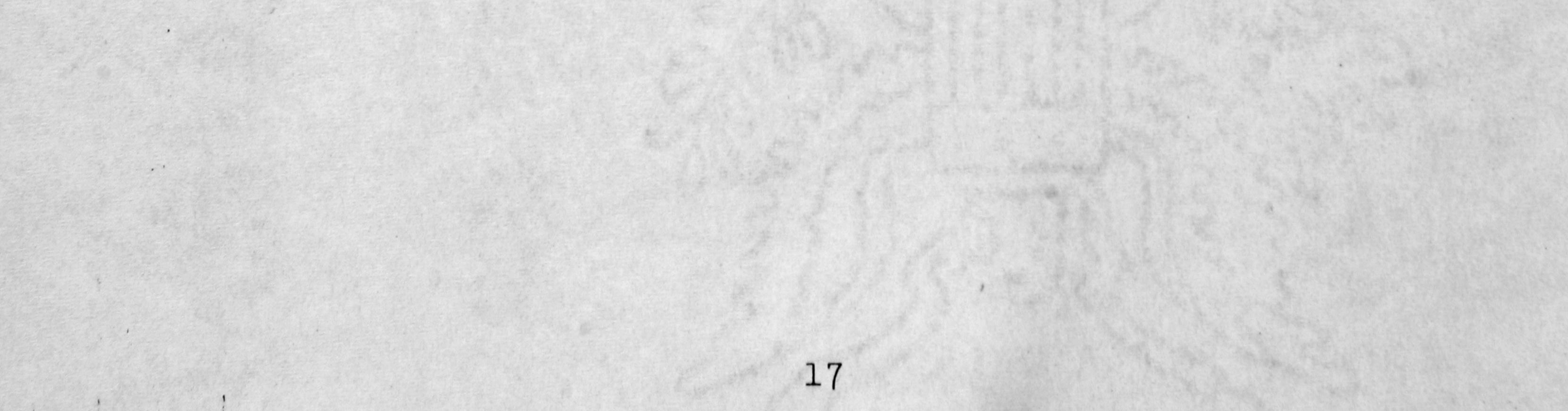
WEBB, Donald L.
WELLS, Chester E.
WHEELER, Jerry A.
WHIDDEN, Marshall T.
WHITE, Stanley D.
WHITEHOUSE, Robert A.
WILLIAMS, Thomas C.
11-ND

DUTY STATION

WILLIAMSON, Everett L.	06-JX
WILLKINS, Daniel F.	06-LE
WISEMAN, Howard W.	05-LC
WITTE, Gary P.	83-SU
WITTENBERGER, Willis W.	03-GL
WOLF, Michael E.	60-KF
WOROCHOCK. William A.	03-NY

ZANE, Alexander P. 05-NF ZUILKOSKI, Stephen K. 06-CS

*Transfers to be effected in November/December 1974



WHERE ARE THEY NOW?

From 1 June to 28 June 1966, the Class shown below, 6(B) 66 met at the Fairmont Building in Arlington, Virginia. Of the twenty-four Special Agents in attendance, including four Counsellors, a total of eleven remain on-board. Special Agent R. F. HUFNAGL died following his retirement. Four class members transferred to the Defense Investigative Service and eight have resigned.



F.F. BEATTIE J.F. COPPER A.K. DEAL C.F. FELDERHOFF E.W. HEMPHILL



W.D. LAING J.T. LIEHR, JR. J.A. LOVE J.F. MERRILL B.M. MIDDLETON Office of Naval Intelligence Agents' Basic Training Course 6B-66 | Jun. - 28 Jun 1966 Arlington, Virginia



S/A J.R. GENTILE SIAR.F. HUFNAGL SIA R.L. MOUNT SIA A.L. SMITH



Top Row, 1. to r.

.

NAME

BEATTIE, F. F.

MERRILL, J. F.

EOD

1 Nov 65

NISO/NISRAs ASSIGNED

NISRA's San Bernadino, Danang, Roosevelt Roads, Phoenix, DIS

COOPER, J. F. 25 Oct 65 NISRA Alameda, Resigned DEAL, A. K. NISRA's Louisville, 6 Jan 66 Cherry Point, Okinawa

FELDERHOFF, C. F. NISRA's Long Beach, 28 Jun 65 Houston, DIS

HEMPHILL, E. W. 20 Dec 65 NISRA's Chicago, Detroit, Charlotte, Danang, Camp Lejeune, Subic, Philippines

2nd Row, 1. to r. LAING, W. D. 17 May 65 NISRA's Philadelphia, Denver,

> NISRA's Chicago, El Toro, LIEHR, J. T., Jr. 14 Jun 65 Los Angeles, Subic

LOVE, J. A. NISRA's Chicago, Great 3 Jan 66 Lakes, Yokosuka

8 Nov 65

Great Lakes, NISHQ

NISRA's Moffett Field, San Francisco, Treasure Island, Portsmouth, N. H., Boston, Moffett Field, DIS

MIDDLETON, B. M. 28 Oct 65 NISRA's Port Hueneme, Yokosuka, Saigon, Keflavik, Charleston, NISHQ

GENTILE, J. R. NISRA New York, Resigned 3rd Row, 1. to r. 7 Apr 57

111

14 Dec 53 HUFNAGL, R. F. NISRA San Francisco, Retired (Deceased)

NISRA's Charleston, Atlanta, MOUNT, R. L. 15 Jun 58 NISO Charleston, NISHQ

NISRA's Boston, Seattle SMITH, A. L. 1 Oct 62

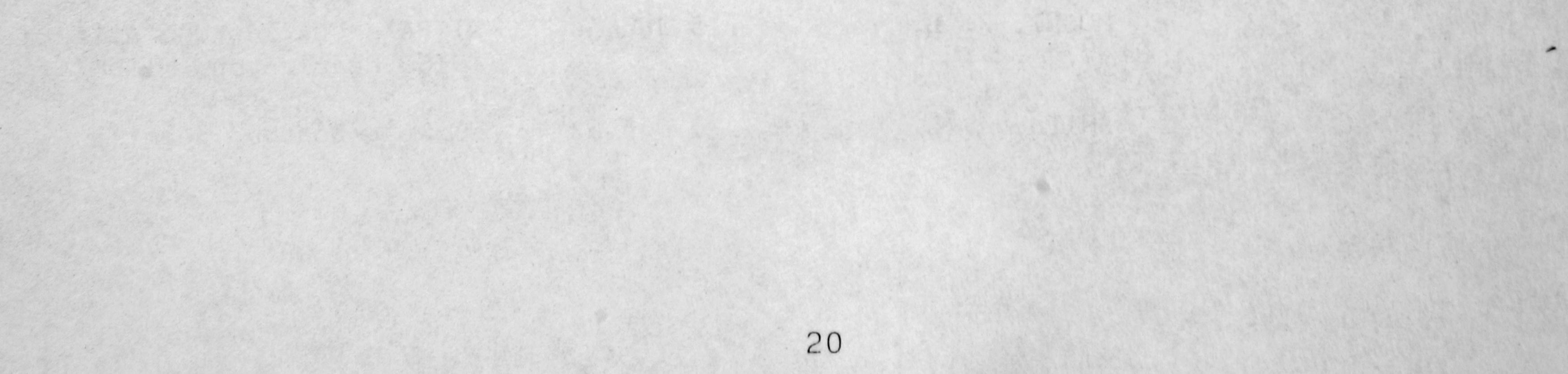
NAMEEODNISO/NISRAs ASSIGNED4th Row, 1. to r.NEARY, T. E.28 Feb 66NISRA's Southern Mass.,
Boston, London, NISHQPOWELL, D. L.8 Nov 65NISRA Moffett Field, NISSU
Pocatello, DIS

ROHDE, J. C., Jr. 16 Aug 65 NISRA Dallas, Resigned

NISRA Buffalo, Resigned 20 Jun 65 ROSELLI, J. W. NISRA Chicago, Resigned 10 Jun 65 ROWLAND, J. K. NISRA Norfolk, NISHQ, Ft. 20 Dec 65 SCHMITT, F. H., Jr. 5th Row, 1. to r. Amador, Little Creek NISRA's Charleston, 21 Feb 66 STEPHENS, G. J., Jr. Jacksonville, NISHQ, NISPAC NISRA Washington, Resigned 17 May 65 TORO, J. A. NISRA Philadelphia, Resigned 31 Jan 66 WHITE, W. E. NISRA's Philadelphia, 15 Nov 65 ZACHARIAS, J. V.

> Harrisburg, Fort Holabird, Annapolis, Resigned

.



PROMOTIONS TO GS-13

MERRITT, Carl J. WARWICK, Maynard C.

SRA, NISRA Lemoore SRA, NISRA El Toro

PROMOTIONS TO GS-12

REEVES, Harry A. ROBY, Jerry L. STOKES, Robert N.

ASRA, NISRA El Toro SRA, NISRA Whidbey Island RRA, NISSU Yorktown

TRANSFERS

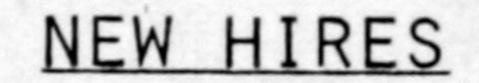
BRIGHT, Ronald E. FIEGER, Frank E. ISENBERG, Michael E. MAHER, Raphael R. MERRITT, Carl J. MICHAUD, John R. MORGAN, Wayne R. PALMER, Charles A. ROBY, Jerry L. TIPTON, Dennis H. WHEELER, Jerry A.

From

NISRA Lemoore NISHQ NISRA Moffett Field NISO Philippines NISRA Whidbey Island NISRA Camp Lejeune NISSU Yorktown NISRA Alameda NISRA Mare Island NISRA Mare Island NISO Charleston NISRA El Toro

To

NISHQ NISRA Corpus Christi NISRA Seattle NISO Charleston NISRA Lemoore NISRA New London NISRA Rota NISHQ NISRA Whidbey Island NISO New Orleans NISO Philippines



EVERSOLL, John S. SCOTT, Howard R. HEENAN, John J. COYLE, Charles K. BOLEY, Thomas F. MARSH, Jonathon W. JANSEN, John L. FERGASON, Samuel A. PETERS, Ronald D. PERBETSKY, Michael ST. DENIS, David D. SIPE, Allan K. MCDEVITT, Daniel S. ELLIS, Spencer M. COOK, Bryan L. NISRA Miramar NISRA Portsmouth NISRA Philadelphia NISRA New Orleans NISRA Alameda NISRA Alameda NISRA Mare Island NISRA Whidbey Island NISRA Lemoore NISRA Lemoore NISRA Camp Pendleton NISRA Camp Pendleton NISRA Mare Island NISRA El Toro NISRA El Toro NISRA North Island NISRA Great Lanes NISRA Pearl Harbor NISRA San Diego

NIGRO, Robert M. SCOTT, Randy D. PUKELIS, Stanley R. OGLESBEE, Kenneth E. DILL, Gary W. HUGHES, William A. NISRA New London NISRA Memphis NISRA Great Lakes NISRA Camp Pendleton NISRA Dallas NISRA Jacksonville

CARMAN, Ray A. BRADLEY, Vaughn M. SMART, Bruce A. ZANE, Alexander P. BRUCE, Donald R. BREWER, Gray G. NAPOLEON, Allen D. D'AMICO, Anthony E. REED, Samuel W. KAUFFMAN, Francis E. RENO, Charles D. HARRIS, Michael W. HELSON, Gary D. ORZECHOWSKI, Thomas J. NANCE, Gerald N. KENNEDY, Jack A. TAGUCHI, Wendell T. WILLKENS, Daniel F.

NISRA Annapolis NISRA Norfolk NISRA Pensacola NISRA Norfolk NISRA Alameda NISRA Seattle NISRA Pearl Harbor NISSU Gulfport NISRA Orlando NISRA Washington NISRA Washington NISRA Norfolk NISRA Jacksonville NISRA Camp Lejeune NISRA Key West NISRA Moffett Field NISRA MCRD San Diego NISRA Camp Lejeune

